

II Law.

I. Supply each of the following phrases with some adequate preposition, and give the meaning in Japanese.

- (1) to venture —; (2) to admonish a person —; (3) to expatiate —; (4) to include — a name; (5) to plume oneself —; (6) to fight — a person; (7) one's influence — another; (8) to cope — a problem; (9) — all occasions; (10) — late; — old.

II. Explain:

- (1) A face of concern; (2) an open question; (3) one's pretensions to gentry; (4) deuce-ace; (5) the insignificance of human life; (6) the days of courtship; (7) a hot controversy; (8) an unwarranted conclusion; (9) "To see the best, and yet the worst purest"; (10) the learned professions; (11) the support of one's declining age; (12) to ~~commit~~^{bring} oneself to commit an act; (13) the picture of Nativity — of Madonna; (14) an established Church; (15) "Let who will make the laws of a people, if I write their songs."

III. Supply the following phrases with some proper verbs:

- (1) to (達) an end; (2) to 應ズ a necessity; (3) to 適ズ a purpose; (4)

Kimura.

TV. Would the fact, common as it is, that the human mind is impelled all the more violently, in one direction, by an over-zealous, demonstrative attempt to drag it in the opposite, justify an institution of learning in driving men from it by excess of evil, even into good?

V. As my friend was in circumstances to give ~~her~~^{his} daughter a handsome fortune, which, however, as was agreed upon by all, was but the smallest accomplishment on her part, and I, too, had no difficulty whatever in making a settlement, far from petty, upon my son, the match was considered extremely desirable.