

Vocabulary.

1. fledgeling
2. nestling
3. mate
4. Ornithology
5. Ornithologist
6. Avian
7. Callow = destitute of feathers.
8. moulting = casting feathers.
9. poultry =
10. poulterer
11. capon = male birds especially for the table
12. game
13. groundgame
14. crop = first stomach
15. fowl
16. birds of passage
17. birds of a feather = men of like taste
18. a bird's eye view.

Church

Ecclesia (Greek)

1. Cathedral = a central church of a diocese
2. Diocese = a district ruled over by a bishop
3. Bishop = the head of a diocese
4. Dean = the chief official in a cathedral
5. Minister = Cathedral
6. Prebendary = one of the officials of a cathedral
7. Stall = the seat occupied by a prebendary
8. Rector = head clergyman of a parish
9. Vice Rector = Vicar
10. Curate = assistant clergyman
11. Incumbent = a clergyman in charge of a church.

1. piscis
2. ἰχθύς (ichthys)
(Jesus Christ, God's ^{son} Saviour)
3. Fisher, fisherman
4. Angler
5. Fishmonger (wonnonger)
6. Fishwife = a woman who sells fish.
7. piscatory = relating to fish
8. Aquarium
9. Ichthology
10. Salmon = King of fish
11. fins, gills, scale
12. roe = eggs & spawn of fish
13. fry = young fish
14. bait
15. tackle
Billingsgate
16. to scold like a fishwife
17. Caviare to the general
18. a fish out of water
19. to make fish of me & flesh of another.
20. Small fry = insignificant of audience
also used for children

- 21. queer fish = curious person
- 22. fishy story = a doubtful story
- 23. to have other fish to fry = to have other
business to attend.
- 24. white in the gills = showing signs of fright
- 25. mackerel fish flesh not good ready
herring = difference to classify.

- Weekly
2. The Saturday Review, on the same line with the speculator, but less prone in tone more cynical and critical.
 3. The Pall Mall Gazette, radical, sensational, more popular, illustrated with cut clippings.
 4. The Athenaeum, high class, literary, dramatic
 5. The Academy, the same with the Athenaeum

- Monthly
1. The Nineteenth Century Review
 2. The Contemporary Review
 3. The Westminster Review - philosophical, literary, sociological
 4. The Fortnightly Review (notwithstanding its name is a monthly like the others just mentioned)
 5. The National and New Review - Tory
 6. Macmillan's Magazine
 7. Murray's (also Tory + political)
 8. Blackwood's Magazine
 9. Longman's "
 10. The Cornhill "
 11. Temple Bar
 12. The Argosy

1. The Illustrated London News weekly print

Journal

L. *diis, diurnum*

Fr. *jour, journal*

1. Daily = a journal which appears every day

2. Bi-monthly = " " every two months.

3. Quarterly = " " every three months.

4. Gazette = originally a Venetian coin which was the price of the first newspapers & hence the name. A paper containing the news of the day.

5. Official Gazette = the paper published by government

6. to be gazetted to any post

7. Herald

Mail

News

Advertiser

Review

Chronicle

} = Name used indiscriminately for any daily or weekly newspaper.

8. Manager = one who conducts the business of a newspaper

9. Editor = one who superintends the publication of a newspaper.

10. Leader = the leading editorial article of a newspaper

11. Editorial = a note of article written specially for the newspaper by the editor.
12. Reporter
13. Correspondent
14. Journalist
15. Copy = written matter which goes to the printer to be printed.

The Names of Chief Journals in England.

- Quarterly {
1. The Edinburgh Review, quarterly, atiq, liberal constitutional organ.
 2. The London Quarterly, Tory, conservative organ
 3. The British Quarterly, non-conformist.

- Daily {
1. The Times, (The Thunder) — independent in policy, but more radical
 2. The Daily Telegraph, also independent, more democratic
 3. The Daily News, radical
 4. The Standard, conservative

- } 1. The Spectator, high class, liberal, philosopher of sociological, liberal

1. Library
2. Librarian
3. Bibliography
4. Bible
5. Testament
6. Book worm
7. Hack
8. monograph = a book devoted to a single subject
9. Pamphlet = short treatise, stitched together
10. Edition de luxe
11. Dog ears
12. to speak by the book
13. to bring to book = to call to account
14. In the good books of any one
15. In the bad books of (or in the black of) any one
16. The blue book = official book
17. The red book = book of prayer

horse

1. horse
2. mare = a female horse
 = (originally a horse; therefore
 the word *marshal* is the servant for horse)
3. Stallion = an entire horse, a stud horse
4. gelding = a castrated horse.
5. colt = a young horse
6. filly = a young mare
7. foal = a young of horse
8. to foal = to bring forth young.
9. Sire and dam = the father and mother of a foal
10. Stable = the house for horses
11. Stall = a stand or place where a horse or an ox is kept & fed.
12. halter = a rope or strap and head-stall for leading or confining a horse
13. Manger = the place in which horses and cattle are fed.
14. hoof =
15. Fetlock = that ^{joint} part of the horse is by immediately above the hoof.

16. Pastern = that part between the hoof and the fetlock.
17. Croup = the portion of the horse's back next to the tail.
18. mane =
19. Withers = the portion where the neck joins the body.
20. neighing
21. Kicking
22. trot, gallop, canter
23. bit, iron mouthpiece of a bridle
24. Reins, bridle [pulls & controls]
25. Traces = strong leather straps by which the horse
26. Traces Collar = strap round the neck against the collar = requiring much attention.
27. Crupper = a strap of leather which is buckled to a saddle & passing under a horse's tail prevents the saddle from being cast forward on to the horse's neck.
28. girth = a strap passing from the saddle to the belly
29. Blunders =
30. Hack = a kind of horse (col.)
31. Nag = a small active horse
32. Cob = a strong horse of medium size
33. Pony = a small horse